



Use of Geospatial Information and PHC data in measuring Land Use Efficiency Indicators Case of Tunisia

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Measuring Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate

The indicator was computed for 1994 - 2004 and 2004 – 2014 Corresponding to the three last Censuses

- Extract built up areas for each census year
- Delimit city boundaries for each census year
- Integrate population for each analysis year
- Compute *land consumption rate*
- Compute *population growth rate*
- Compute land Consumption to Population Growth Rate



Computing Land Consumption Rate

the formula for Land Consumption Rate (LCR) $LCR = \frac{(LN(Urb(t2)/Urbt1))}{(y)}$

Where:

- Urbt1 is the total area covered by the urban area in the initial year 1994 (2004);
- Urbt2 is the total area covered by the urban area in the final year 2004 (2014); and
- y is the number of years between the two measurement periods (10 years)

Urbanized area is the entire spatial extent that meets the defined threshold of "urban" It is defined by Spatial Analysis using GIS tools



Computing Population Growth Rate

The Population Growth Rate for years 2004 – 1994 and 2014 - 2004 $PGR = \frac{LN(Pop_{t+n}/Pop_t)}{(y)}$

Where

- **Pop_t** Total population within the urban area in 1994(2004)
- Pop_{t+n} Total population within the urban area in 2004(2014)
- y number of years between the two measurement periods (10 years)



Computing Population Growth Rate

The ratio of Land Consumption Rate to Population Growth Rate (Indicator 11.3.1)

 $LCRPGR = \left(\frac{\text{Annual Land Consumption rate}}{\text{Annual Population growth rate}}\right)$

$$LCRPGR = \frac{\left(\frac{LN\left(\left(\frac{Urb_{t+n}}{Urb_{t}}\right)\right)}{y}\right)}{\left(\frac{LN\left(\frac{Pop_{t+n}}{Pop_{t}}\right)}{y}\right)}$$



Land Consumption Rate

Data

 Google Earth/Landsat Imagery at 1994, 2004 and 2014 Censuses Years





Method Spatial Analysis with GIS tools to define built up areas





Functional City Boundaries





Functional Cities Boundaries





LCR: Results

Urb₁₉₉₄ = 5,6979 Km²

 $Urb_{2004} = 7,2117 \text{ Km}^2$

 $Urb_{2014} = 8,712 \text{ Km}^2$

y = 10

So; $LCR_{1994-2004} = \frac{(LN(7,2117/5,6979))}{10}$ = 0,0235

So;
$$LCR_{2004-2014} = \frac{(LN(8,712/7,2117))}{10} = 0,0188$$

From the computation above, between 2004 and 2014, the city of Tozeur appropriated land from other uses to urban use at annual rate of 1.88%.

Population Growth Rate

Defining the population in functional city area

- Census data at enumeration area level
- Link censuses data with spatial data
- Data aggregated to determine population in the city area
- Spatial analyses to produce the Gridded
 Population



Gridded Population

Data

- Built up area at Censuses dates
- Population at Enumeration
 Area level from Censuses



Result Population density at each grid cell (1 km²)



Method

- **Distribute** population to habitable land use within each EA
- Aggregate (تجميع) population to a grid cell



PGR: Results

Pop₁₉₉₄ = 43014 Pop₂₀₀₄ = 59895 Pop₂₀₁₄ = 85169 y = 10 So; $PGR_{1994_{2}004} = \frac{(LN(59895/43014))}{10}$ = 0,0158 PGR₂₀₀₄₋₂₀₁₄ = $\frac{(LN(85169/59895))}{10}$ = 0,0138

The population of The city of Tozeur increased at an annual rate of 1.38% between 2004 and 2014



PGR: Results

 $LCRPGR = \left(\frac{\text{Annual Land Consumption rate}}{\text{Annual Population growth rate}}\right)$

$LCR_{2004-2014} = 0,0235$	$LCR_{2004-2014} = 0,0188$
<i>PGR</i> _{1994 2004} = 0,0158	$PGR_{2004-2014} = 0,0138$
$LCRPGR = \frac{0,0235}{0,0158}$	$LCRPGR = \frac{0,0188}{0,0138}$
= 1,484	= 1,369

The city of Tozeur still compact in the last two decades



Thank you for your Attention

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