



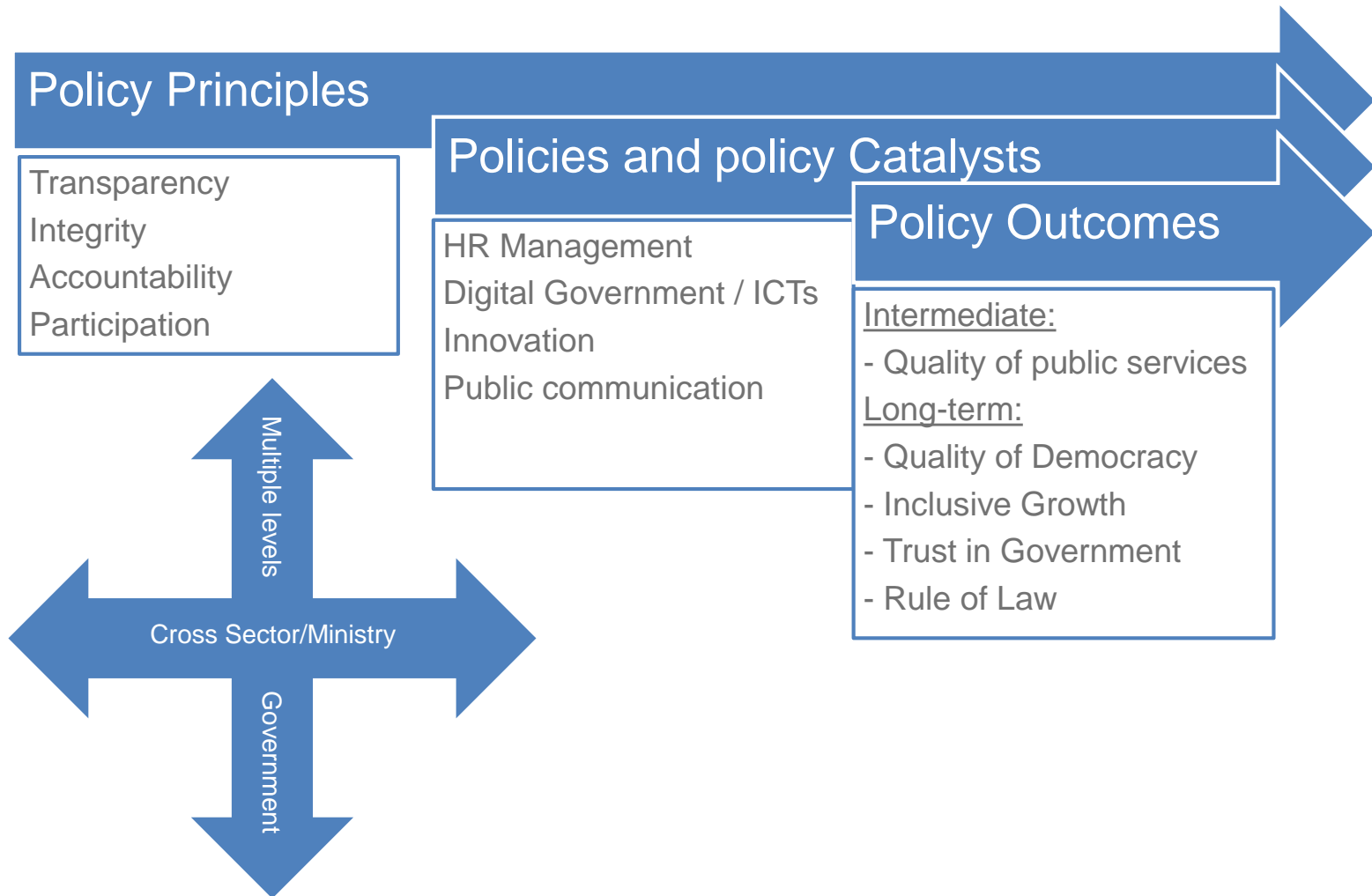
THE OECD'S OPEN GOVERNMENT WORK KEY OBSERVATIONS FOR THE MENA REGION

Beirut, 25 September 2018

Karine Badr
Policy Analyst/ Project Co-ordinator
Public Governance Directorate



OECD Open Government Theory of Change





The scope of the OECD Open Government Project

Citizens as Partners

OECD HANDBOOK ON INFORMATION, CONSULTATION AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN POLICY-MAKING

GOVERNANCE



OECD

Open Government

FOSTERING DIALOGUE WITH CIVIL SOCIETY

EMERGING ECONOMIES TRANSITION



OECD



Open Government

THE GLOBAL CONTEXT AND THE WAY FORWARD



OECD



OECD Public Governance Reviews

Open Government in Costa Rica



OECD Public Governance Reviews

LITHUANIA

FOSTERING OPEN AND INCLUSIVE POLICY MAKING

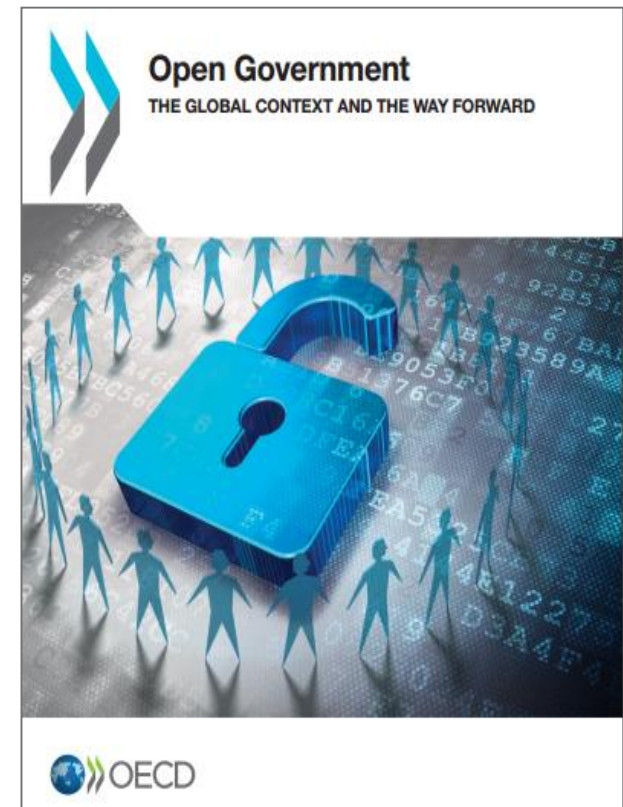


OECD



Global Report: The global context and the way forward

- Findings based on the **2015 OECD Survey on Open Government Co-ordination and Citizen Participation in the Policy Cycle**
- Analysis based on evidence submitted by **53 countries** including OECD countries and non-members from Latin America and the Caribbean, MENA, Central Europe and South East Asia.
- **3 MENA countries** featured (Jordan, Morocco and Tunisia)





Towards an OECD Recommendation of the Council on Open Government Timeline

1st OECD Global Forum on Open Government 2014

2014

Launching of the OECD Survey on Open Government Co-ordination and Citizen Participation in the Policy Cycle

2015

November 2016:
54th PGC: Presentation of the Global Report and Establishment of the Expert Group on Open Government

2016



Development of two technical papers by the OECD Secretariat:

- 1) "Towards the development of an OECD Recommendation of the Council on Open Government"
- 2) "Towards Open Government Indicators"

December 2016 OECD Global Forum on Public Governance – Open Government: the Global Context and the Way Forward:

- Launch of the OECD Report on Open Government: The Global Context and the Way Forward
- Ministerial Roundtable: 30 Ministers and 50 Heads of Delegations, organized in collaboration with the Government of France and the Open Government Partnership

March 2017:
1st Meeting of the Expert Group

April 2017:
2nd Meeting of the Expert Group (back-to-back with PGC 55)

April 2017:
55th PGC: Discussion with the PGC on the draft Recommendation and the technical paper Towards Open Government Indicators

2017

July 2017:
3rd Meeting of the Expert Group

July 2017:
Launch of the online public consultation on the draft Recommendation

September 2017:
Closing of the online public consultation

October 2017:
Updated text shared with the Expert Group and 4th Meeting of the group

December 2017:

Adoption of the OECD Recommendation of the Council on Open Government

2018

March 2018:
5th Meeting of the Expert Group

July 2018:
6th Meeting of the Expert Group (at the sidelines of the OGP Summit) & updates on the OECD Toolkit and Indicators

Morocco is the first MENA and non-OECD country to adhere to the Recommendation.



Definition and Pillars of the OECD Recommendation of the Council on Open Government

Definition :

“A culture of governance that promotes the principles of transparency, integrity, accountability and stakeholder participation in support of democracy and inclusive growth.”

Enabling Environment

- Provisions 1, 2, 3, 7, 8 focusing on the policy and legal framework

Implementation Framework

- Provisions 4, 5, 6, 9 focusing on coordination; monitoring, evaluation, communication, innovation and digital government

Way Ahead

- Provision 10: Open State



From Recommendation to Action



Innovation

Access international case studies, research and innovation tools.



Blog

Read the latest perspectives from the field, analysis, interviews and event news.



Community

Connect with your fellow innovators and experts to share insights and lessons.



Measuring Open Government

ELEMENTS OF DIRECT SUPPORT TO OG STRATEGIES & INITIATIVES

- Policy / Strategy/ OG definitions
- Clear mandate & responsibilities
- Allocated budgets
- Dedicated HR

INSTITUTIONAL COORDINATION

- Coordination inside central government
- Coordination between branches of government
- Coordination between levels of government (subnational)
- Monitoring and evaluation mechanisms
- Promotion of Open Government literacy in civil service

COLLABORATION WITH NON-GOV STAKEHOLDERS

- Participation & co-creation mechanisms
- Involvement of diverse stakeholders
- Promotion of OG literacy in society
- Communication & accountability of OG initiatives

CHANGES IN GOVERNMENT PRACTICE

- Increased collaboration between levels and branches of government in designing and implementing OG agenda
- Increased transparency of government processes, including digitally enabled
- Increased and more diverse stakeholder participation,
- Increased open, useful and reusable government-held data

IMPACT

- Increased relevance of OG agenda in national and subnational strategies
- Greater effectiveness of policies due to stakeholder input to policy making and public service processes

INPUT

PROCESS

OUTCOME

IMPACT



Our work in MENA

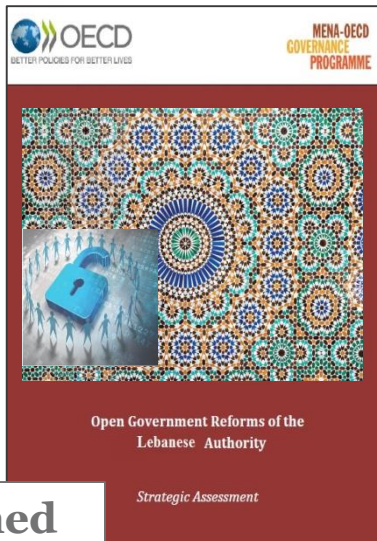
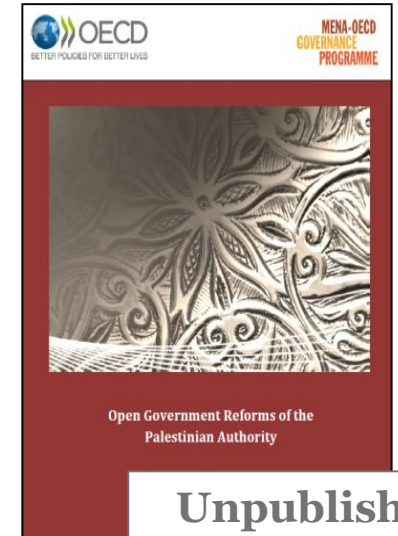
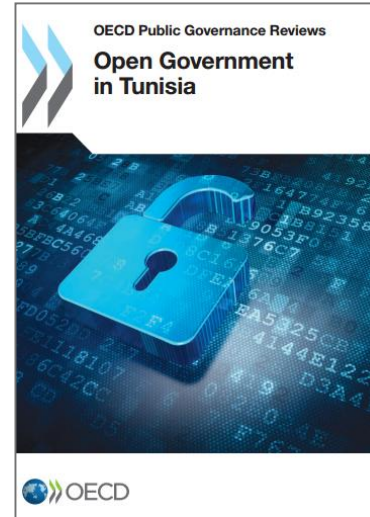
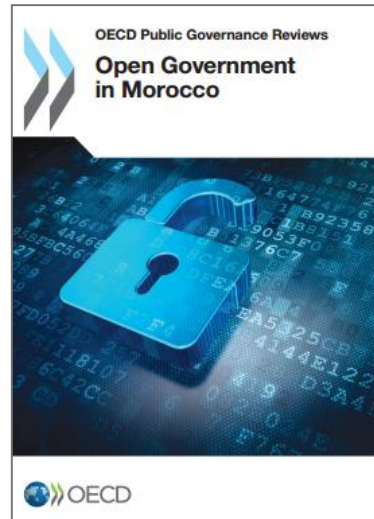
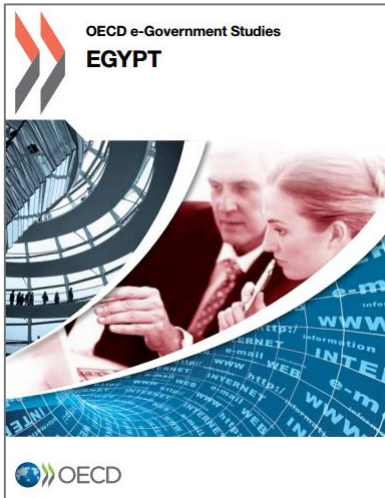
The **MENA-OECD Governance Programme**: A strategic partnership between MENA and OECD countries to share knowledge and expertise & disseminate standards and principles of good governance

- Supported adherence of Morocco, Tunisia, and Jordan to the **Open Government Partnership (OGP)**
- Implementation support for National Action Plans & OG initiatives





A selection of MENA OG publications





MENA – OECD Working Group II on Open and Innovative Government

- A platform promoting regional exchange and dialogue between MENA and OECD high-level public officials **since 2005**.
- Chaired by the UAE and co-chaired by Korea & Italy
- **13th Annual Meeting** (Dubai, Feb 2018).
- **Joint Meeting with ECSWA** (2017)
- **Driving the OG agenda :**
 - Providing evidence based analysis on what works and what doesn't
 - Sharing best practices and identifying solutions
 - Bringing new topics on board such as open government at the local level, public communication etc.





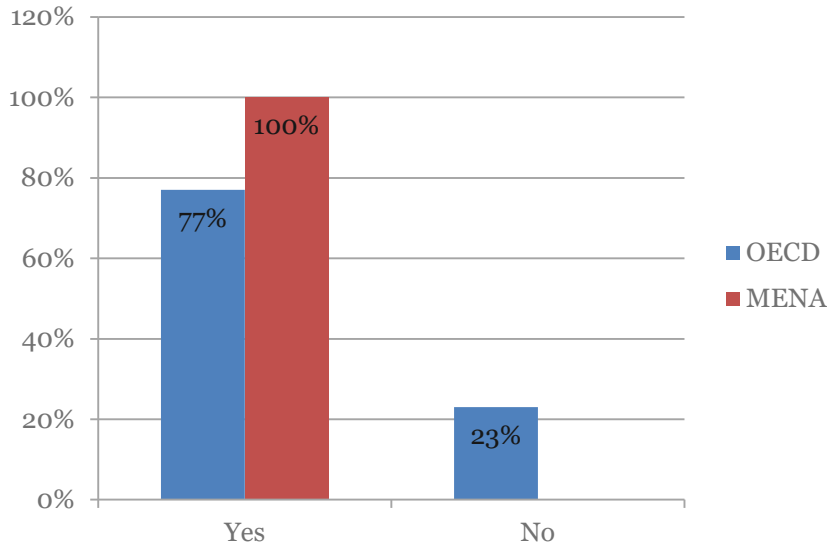
Key challenges for OG in MENA

- Political crises and insecurity means **competing priorities** for governance reforms
- Weak/slow **implementation** of existing legal frameworks (due to weak institutional setting, low priority in political agenda etc) coupled with mounting citizen **frustration**

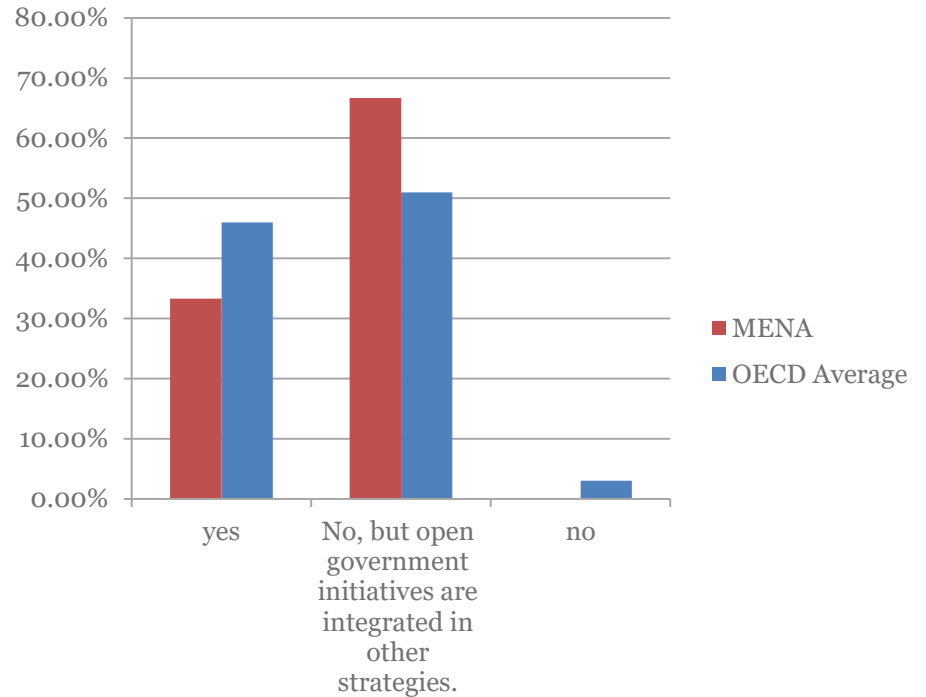


Findings from the Global report

Is there an office responsible for horizontal coordination of open government initiatives?

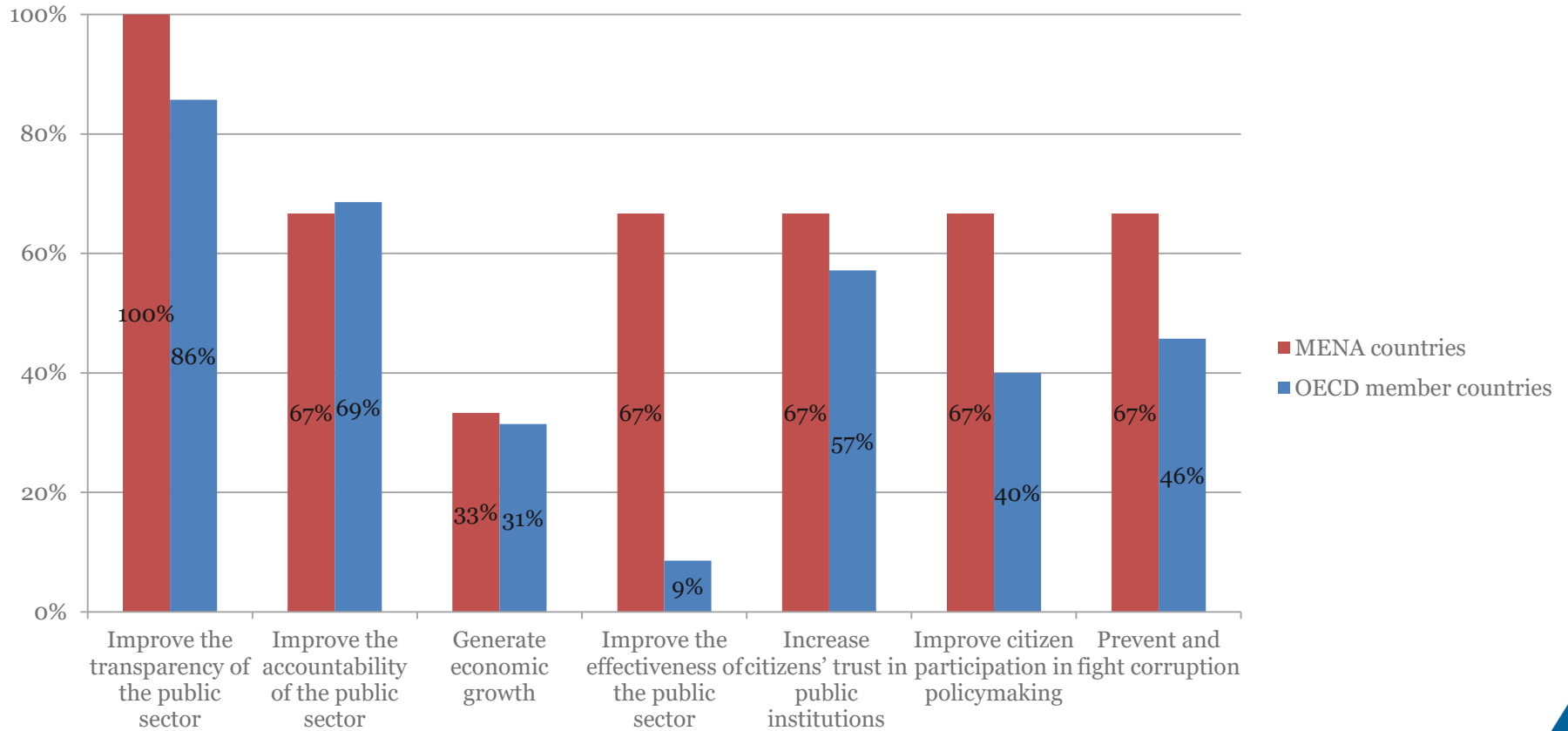


Does your country have a single national Open Government Strategy?



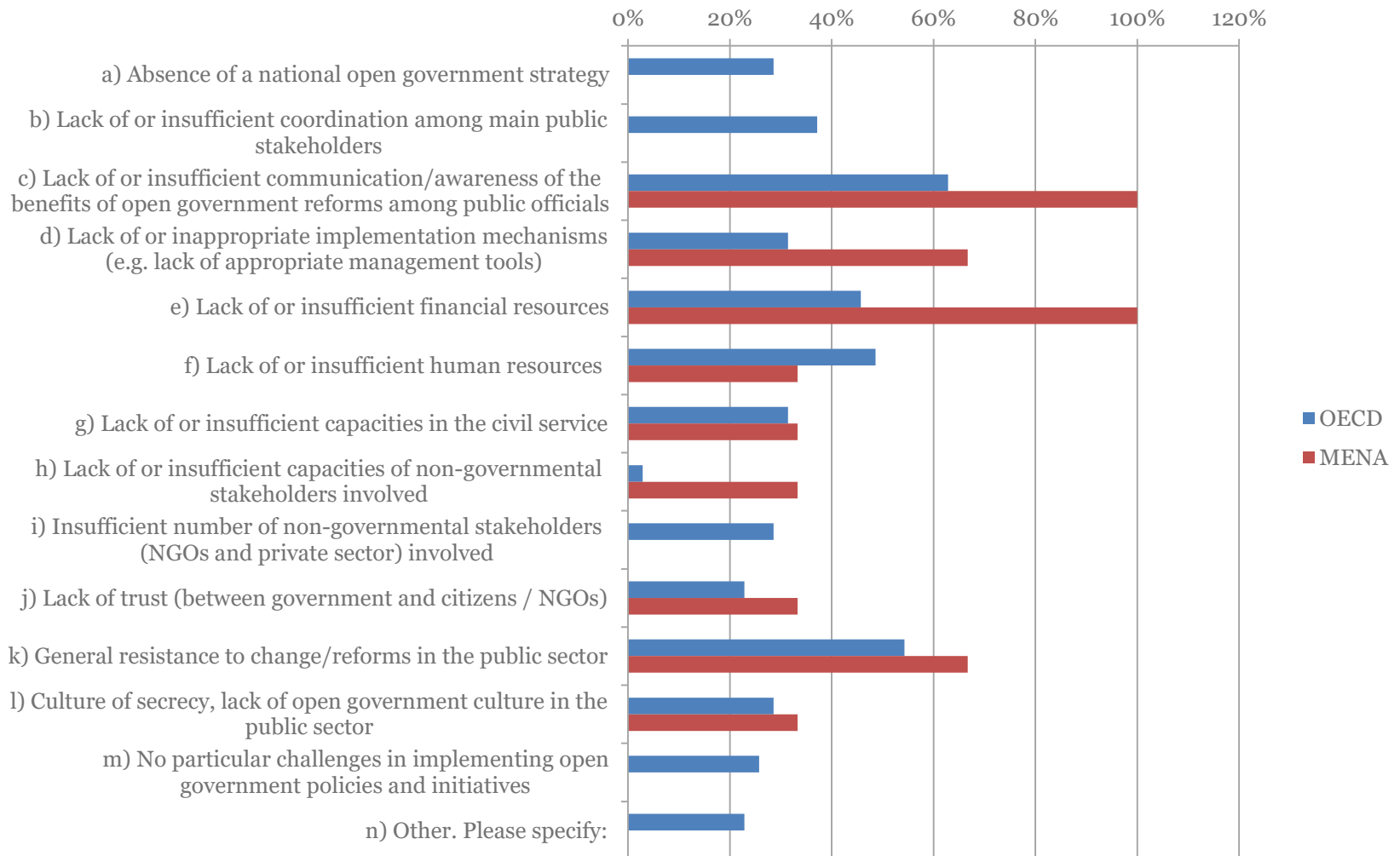


What are the national policy objectives that your Government intends to achieve by implementing open government initiatives?





What are the main challenges in implementing Open Government initiatives?

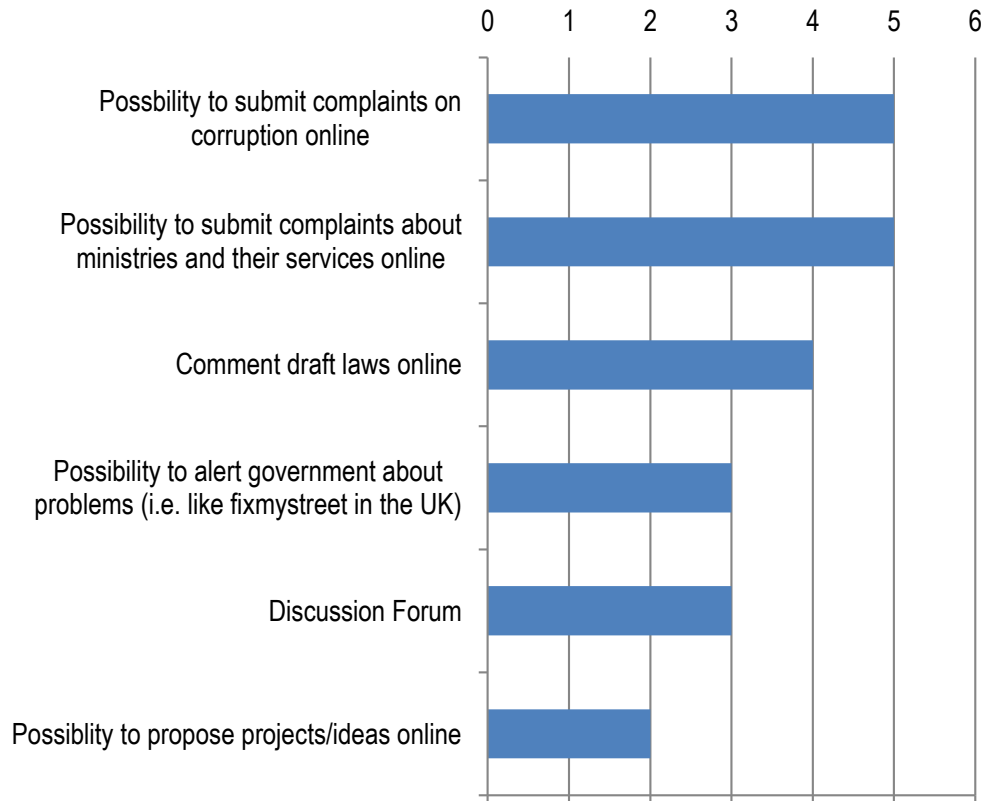




Use of digital tools for engagement in MENA countries



Number of countries among those benchmarked

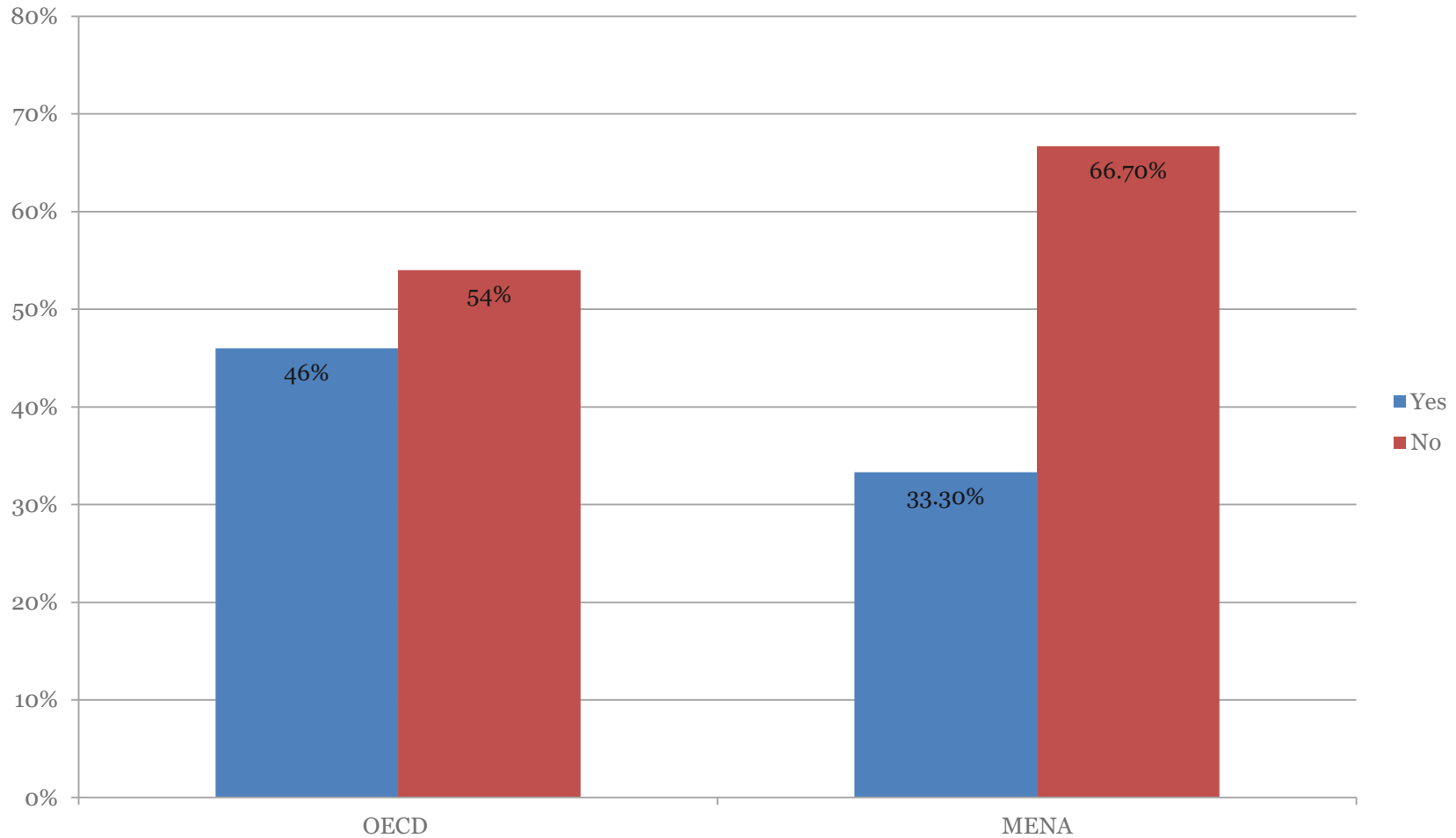


OECD - Benchmarking Digital Government Strategies in MENA Countries (2017)

Responses from: Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Tunisia and the United Arab Emirates

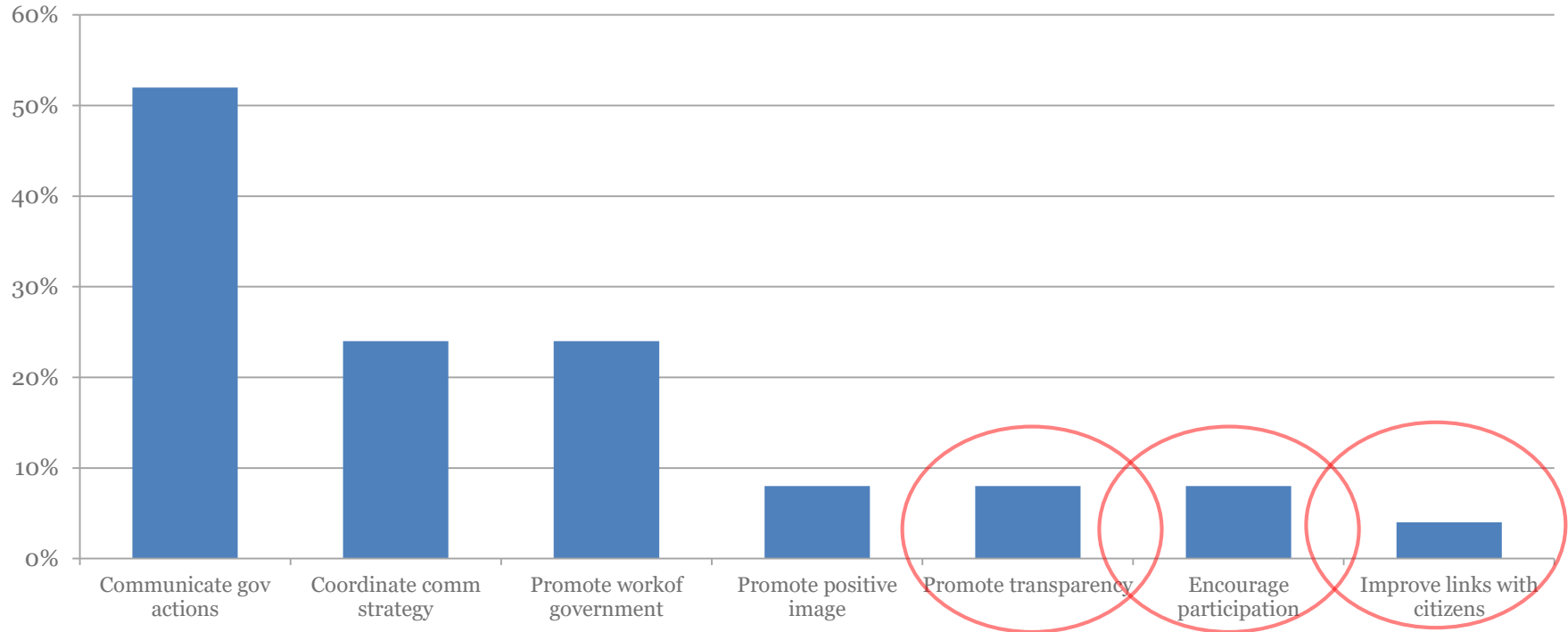


Does your Government have an overarching document for participation?





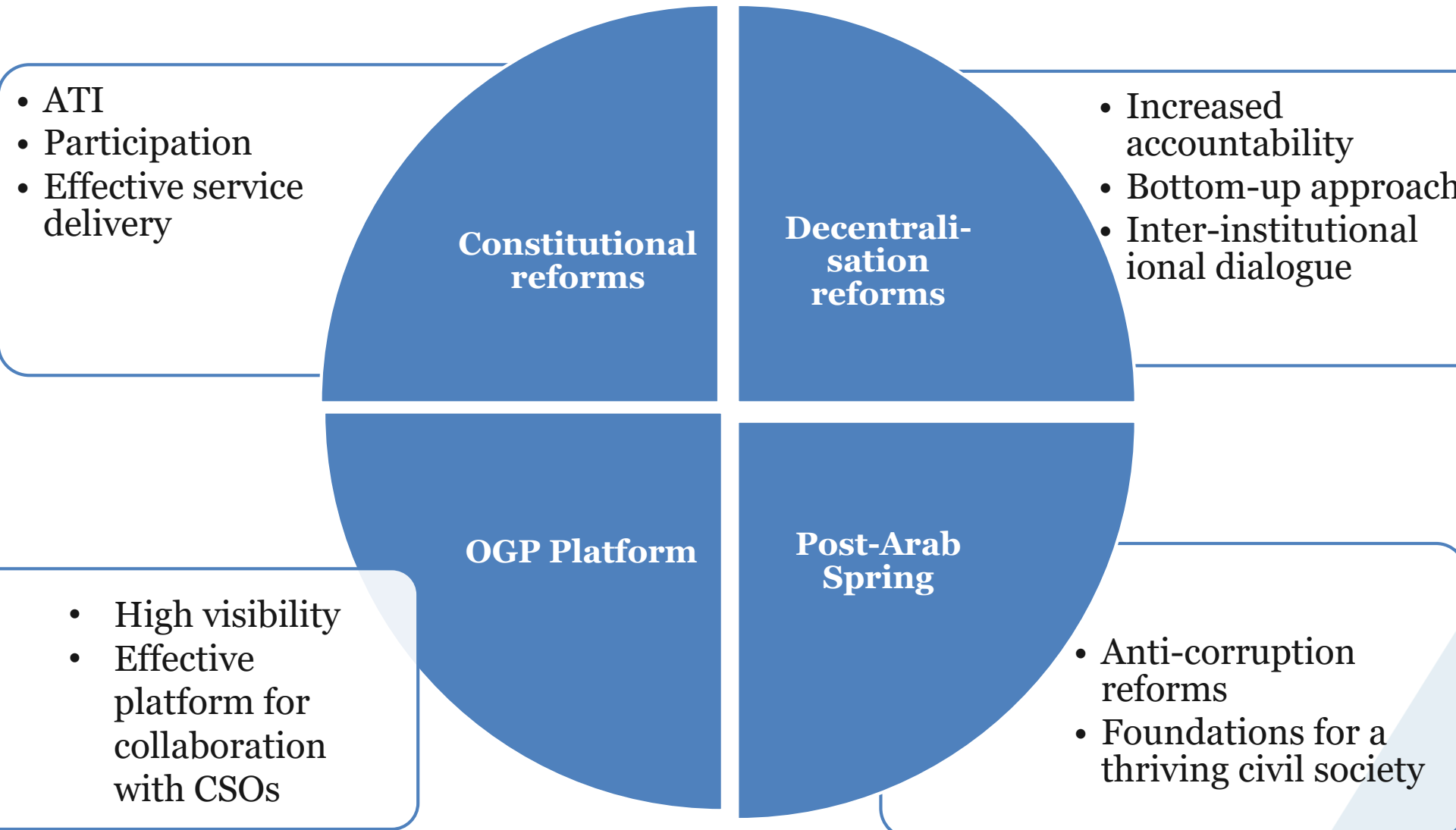
What are the 3 main objectives of your communication strategy? Results for OECD countries



Participation as a priority of communication strategies? In less than 20% of OECD countries, 16% in Morocco, 8% in Tunisia



Key opportunities for OG in MENA





Thank you!



For more information:

<http://www.oecd.org/gov/open-government.htm>

Karine.BADR@oecd.org

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