#24

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Collector:	Final link forination to MS (Web Link)
Started:	Monday, March 04, 2024 5:18:40 PM
Last Modified:	Monday, April 29, 2024 1:33:06 PM
Time Spent:	Over a month
IP Address:	196.203.66.50
Language:	Arabic

Page 2: Part 1: Country information

Q1

Please enter the name of the country on behalf of which you are submitting a national report:

الجمهورية التونسية

Q2

Please enter the name and institution of the national focal point who is submitting the report:

Name	حنان البنزرتي
Institution	وزارة الأسرة والمرأة والطفولة وكبار السن

Q3

Please enter the email address of the national focal point who is submitting the report. This person might be asked to validate the submitted information:

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hanen.benzarti2015@gmail.com

Page 3: Part 2: Priorities, achievements, challenges and setbacks

Q4

Over the past five years, which of the following have been the top five priorities for accelerating progress for women and girls in your country through laws, policies and/or programmes? (Please check a maximum of five boxes) Poverty eradication, agricultural productivity and food security

Eliminating violence against women and girls,

Women's entrepreneurship and women's enterprises,

Strengthening women's participation in ensuring environmental sustainability

Gender-responsive budgeting

Women and girls living in remote and rural areas,

Over the past five years, have you taken specific measures to prevent discrimination and promote the rights of marginalized groups of women and girls? (please check relevant categories)	Women and girls marginalized on account of race, ethnicity and/or caste , Women and girls with disabilities, Women and girls living with HIV/AIDS, Younger women, Older women, Migrant women and girls, Women and girls in humanitarian settings
Q6 Over the past five years, which of the following crises have affected the implementation of the BPfA in your country? (please check relevant categories)	COVID-19 and other pandemics, Climate crisis, Backlash on gender equality
Q7 Over the next five years, which of the following does your country consider to be the top five priorities for accelerating progress for women and girls in your country through laws, policies and programmes? (Please check a maximum of five boxes)	Poverty eradication, agricultural productivity and food security , Eliminating violence against women and girls, Women's entrepreneurship and women's enterprises, Promoting gender equality as part of environmental sustainability, climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies , Gender-responsive budgeting

Page 4: Part Three: Progress across the 12 critical areas of concern

Q5

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to advance gender equality in relation to women's role in paid work and employment? (please check relevant categories) Strengthened / enforced laws and workplace policies and practices that prohibit discrimination in the recruitment, retention and promotion of women in the public and private sectors, and equal pay legislation

Introduced / strengthened gender-responsive job creation and active labour market policies (e.g. education and training, skills, subsidies)

Taken measures to prevent sexual harassment, including in the workplace

Improved access to modern technologies (incl. climate-smart technologies), infrastructure and services (incl. agricultural extension)

Supported the transition from informal to formal work, including legal and policy measures that benefit women in informal employment

Devised mechanisms for women's equal participation in economic decision-making bodies (e.g. in ministries of trade and finance, central banks, national economic commissions)

Q9

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to recognize, reduce and/or redistribute unpaid care and domestic work and promote work-life and family conciliation? (please check relevant categories) Expanded childcare services or made existing services more affordable

Expanded support for older persons, persons with disabilities and others needing intense forms of care

Introduced or strengthened maternity/paternity/parental leave or other types of family leave

Promoted decent work for paid care workers, including migrant workers

Conducted campaigns or awareness raising activities to encourage the participation of men and boys in unpaid care and domestic work

Q10 In the past five years, what actions has your country taken or educe the gender digital divide? (please check relevant categories)	Mainstreamed gender perspectives in national digital policies , Taken measures to remove the discriminatory barriers faced by women and girls to access, use and design digital tools (e.g. costs of devices and data, lack of skills, safety concerns, restrictive social norms) , Introduced or strengthened programmes to increase the digital literacy and skills of women and girls , Taken measures to create conditions for gender-responsive digital learning environments , Applied gender-responsive and human rights-based standards for data collection, use, sharing, archiving and deletion
Q11 Over the past five years, has your country introduced austerity/fiscal consolidation measures, such as cuts in public expenditure or public sector downsizing?	Yes
Q12	Not applicable

Have assessments on the impact of such austerity/fiscal consolidation measures on women and men, respectively, been conducted?

Page 5: Poverty eradication, social protection and social services

Q13

Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to reduce/eradicate poverty among women and girls? (please check relevant categories) Promoted poor women's access to decent work through active labour market policies (e.g. job training, skills, employment subsidies, etc.) and targeted measures

Supported women's entrepreneurship, access to markets, and business development activities

Introduced or strengthened social protection programmes for women and girls (e.g. cash transfers for women with children, public works/employment guarantee schemes for women of working-age, pensions for older women)

Q14 Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve access to social protection for women and girls?	Introduced or strengthened cash transfers for families with children that prioritize women as recipients (e.g. child benefits, family allowances, conditional or unconditional cash transfers)
Q15 The COVID-19 pandemic spurred significant social protection innovations. From a gender perspective, which of the following statements applies best to the COVID-19 response in your country?	The social protection response to the pandemic spurred gender-responsive innovations, but measures were mainly short-term.
Q16 Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve health outcomes for women and girls in your country?	Undertaken gender-specific public awareness/health promotion campaigns , Strengthened comprehensive sexuality education in schools or through community programmes , Taken action to expand access to health services for marginalized groups of women and girls (see list in Part Two: Priorities, achievements, challenges, and setbacks)
Q17 Over the past five years, what actions has your country taken to improve education outcomes and skills for women and girls?	Addressed barriers to successful school-to-work transitions for women and girls , Provided gender equality and human rights training for teachers and other education professionals

Page 6: Freedom from violence, stigma and stereotypes

Q18 Over the past five years, which forms of gender-based violence, and in which specific contexts or settings, has your country prioritized for action?	Domestic violence committed by other family or household members , Sexual harassment and violence in public places, educational settings and workplaces
	, Femicide/Feminicide/gender-related killings of women and girls ,
	Gender-based violence against women in politics, including women's human rights defenders , Gender-based violence in the media, Trafficking in women and girls
	Trafficking in women and girls

Q19 Over the past five years, what actions has your country prioritized to address gender-based violence?	Introduced or strengthened violence against women laws, and their enforcement and implementation ,
	Introduced, updated or expanded national action plans on ending violence against women and girls
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	Introduced or strengthened measures to increase women's access to justice (e.g. establishment of specialist courts, training for the judiciary and police, protection orders, redress and reparations, including for femicide cases)
	3
	Introduced or strengthened services for survivors of violence (e.g. shelters, help lines, dedicated health services, legal, justice service, counselling, housing, socioeconomic rehabilitation)
	,
	Introduced or strengthened strategies and interventions to prevent violence against women and girls (e.g. in the education sector, in the media, community mobilization, work with men and boys)
	Monitoring and evaluation of impact, including evidence generation and data collection
	, Introduced or strengthened measures for improving the understanding of the extent, causes and consequences of violence against women among those responsible for implementing measures on ending violence against women and girls, including through

the collection and use of data from different sources

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Q20

In the past five years, what strategies has your country used to prevent gender-based violence?

Working with women, men, and couples to improve their skills in interpersonal communication, conflict management, and shared decision-making

Empowering women and girls to promote their economic independence and access to resources, and promote equitable relations within households, communities and society

Alleviating poverty through interventions targeted at women or the household

Promoting non-violent family relationships and positive parenting practices

Promoting positive gender-equitable attitudes, beliefs, values and norms, especially among men and boys

Mobilizing community/faith/traditional leaders, politicians, opinion influencers, journalists, or media influencers (such as sport athletes or celebrities) to influence positive norms

Raising public awareness to change attitudes and behaviours

Promoting gender-egalitarian values in primary and secondary education, including through comprehensive sexuality education

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to prevent and respond to technology-facilitated genderbased violence (e.g. online sexual harassment, online stalking, non-consensual sharing of intimate images)? Collected data to better understand the magnitude of technology-facilitated violence, drivers and consequences

Implemented awareness raising initiatives targeting the general public and education settings to sensitize young people, caregivers and educators to ethical and responsible online behaviour

Worked with technology providers to introduce or strengthen human rights-based design, development and deployment approaches to address technologyfacilitated gender-based violence

Strengthen the capacity of government actors for the development of policy and legislation, and their enforcement and implementation

Q22

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to address the portrayal of women and girls, discrimination and/or gender bias in the media, including social media?

Q23

In the past five years, has your country taken any action specifically tailored to address violence against marginalized groups of women and girls? (please check relevant categories) Provided training to media professionals to encourage the creation and use of non-stereotypical, balanced and diverse images of women and girls in the media, including social media

Promoted the participation and leadership of women in the media

Women living in remote and rural areas,

Women with disabilities,

Women living with HIV/AIDS,

Girls, adolescents, and younger women,

Older women,

Women in humanitarian settings

Page 7: Participation, accountability and gender-responsive institutions

In the past five years, what actions and measures has your country taken to promote women's participation in public life and decision-making? Introduced temporary special measures, such as quotas, reserved seats, benchmarks and targets that promote women's participation in politics, especially at decision-making level

Introduced whole-of-government or ministerial cabinet gender parity laws or policies dictating that around half of decision-making positions are occupied by women

Taken measures to prevent, investigate, prosecute and punish violence against women in politics and public life (both online and offline)

Encouraged the equal political participation of all women, including young women and underrepresented groups like indigenous women, through capacity building, skills development, sensitization and mentorship programmes

Strengthened civic space and protections for women's movements and women human rights defenders

Collected and analyzed data on women's political participation, including in appointed and elected positions

Q25

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to increase women's access to expression and participation in decision-making in the media, including through information and communication technologies (ICT)? Strengthened the provision of formal and technical vocational education and training (TVET) in media and ICTs, including in areas of management and leadership

Provided support to women's media networks and organizations

Q26

What is the name of your country's current national machinery for gender equality and the empowerment of women?

وزارة الأسرة والمرأة والطفولة وكبار السن

Q27

What is the national women's machinery's current location within government? (please select one of the following options)

Ministerial level or equivalent whose head has full cabinet participation

Does the national women's machinery have adequate financial resources and staff capacity to fulfil its mandate?

Q29

Over the past five years, which of the following statements best describes the evolution of the budget of your country's national women's machinery? (please select one of the following options) The budget of the national women's machinery has increased (as a proportion of overall government spending)

Q30

How many programmes is the national women's machinery directly responsible for implementing? Please provide the total number and full name of programmes, as well as links to any supporting documentation.

Total number of programmes:	يصل عدد البرامج إلى حدود 03 برامج كبرى ويتفرّع كلّ برنامج إلى جملة من الأهداف الاستراتيجيّة والعملياتيّة.
Full name of programmes:	. المرأة والأسرة وتكافؤ الفرص، 2. الطِّفولة، 3. كبار السنّ .1
Link(s) to supporting documentation:	http://www.femmes.gov.tn/
Q31	Protecting the families, women and children
What is the guiding vision that best describes the current national women's machinery's mandate? (please select one of the following options)	
Q32	Yes
Is there a national human rights institution in your country?	
Q33	Not applicable
Does the national human rights institution have a specific mandate to focus on gender equality or discrimination based on sex/gender?	

Page 8: Peaceful and inclusive societies

Yes

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to build and sustain peace, promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development and implement the women, peace and security agenda? Adopted and/or implemented a National Action Plan on women, peace and security

Integrated women, peace and security commitments into key national and inter-ministerial policy, planning and monitoring frameworks

Used communication strategies, including social media, to increase awareness of the women, peace and security agenda

Supported inclusive and gender-sensitive conflict analysis, early warning and prevention mechanisms

Q35

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to increase the leadership, representation and participation of women in conflict prevention, resolution, peacebuilding, humanitarian action and crisis response, at decision-making levels in situations of armed and other conflicts, and in fragile or crisis settings? Promoted and supported women's meaningful participation in peace processes and the implementation of peace agreements at all levels

Promoted equal participation of women in humanitarian and crisis response activities at all levels, particularly at the decision-making level

Protected civil society spaces and women's human rights defenders

Developed, adopted and / or implemented a high impact National Action Plan on 1325

Q36

In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to enhance judicial and non-judicial accountability for violations of international humanitarian law and violations of the human rights of women and girls in situations of armed and other conflicts, and in fragile or crisis settings? Strengthened capacity of security sector institutions on human rights and prevention of sexual and genderbased violence and sexual exploitation and abuse

Taken measures to combat the production, use of and trafficking in illicit drugs

Taken measures to combat trafficking in women and children

Q37 In the past five years, what actions has your country takent o eliminate discrimination against and violations of the ights of the girl child, including adolescent girls?	Taken measures to combat discriminatory social norms and practices and increased awareness of the needs and potential of girl children , Strengthened girls' access to quality education, skills development and training , Implemented policies and programmes to eradicate child labour and to recognize, reduce and redistribute unpaid care and domestic work undertaken by girl children , Promoted girls' awareness of and participation in social, economic and political life , Incorporated STEM education / closure of gender digital divide in access to digital tools and competencies for girls
	competencies for girls

Page 9: Environmental conservation, protection and rehabilitation

Q38 In the past five years, what actions has your country taken to integrate gender perspectives and concerns into environmental policies, including biodiversity conservation, climate change adaptation and mitigation, and reduction of land degradation?	Supported women's participation and leadership in environmental and natural resource management and governance , Monitored and evaluated the impact of environmental policies and sustainable infrastructure projects on women and girls
Q39	Introduced or strengthened and implemented gender-
In the past five years, what actions has your country	responsive laws and policies related to disaster risk
taken to integrate gender perspectives into policies and	reduction and building climate and environmental
programmes for disaster risk reduction and building	resilience (e.g. disaster laws addressing vulnerability of
environmental and climate resilience?	women in disaster)

Page 10: Part Four: National institutions and processes

Q40

Yes

Does your country have a valid national strategy or action plan for gender equality?

Q41	Yes
Has the national gender equality strategy or action plan been costed and have sufficient resources been allocated to its achievement in the current budget?	
Q42 Do you track the proportion of the national budget that is	Yes
invested in the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of women (gender-responsive budgeting)?	
Q43	Not applicable
As a donor country, do you track the proportion of official development assistance (ODA) that is invested in the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of women (gender-responsive budgeting)?	
Q44	Yes
Is gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls included as a key priority in the national plan/strategy for SDG implementation?	
Q45	Yes
Are there formal mechanisms in place for different stakeholders to participate in the implementation and monitoring of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action?	
Q46	Civil society organizations,
Which of the following stakeholders participate formally in national coordination mechanisms established to contribute to the implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action?	Women's rights organizations, Youth-led organizations,
	Academia and think tanks,
	Parliaments/parliamentary committees,
	Private sector
	Private sector, United Nations system
Q47	

monitoring of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development?

Q48 Which of the following stakeholders participate formally in national coordination mechanisms established to contribute to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development?	Civil society organizations, Women's rights organizations, Youth-led organizations, Academia and think tanks, Parliaments/parliamentary committees, Private sector, United Nations system
Q49 For which of the following does your country have an action plan and timeline in place to follow-up on recommendations?	Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women , Universal Periodic Review
Page 11: Part Five: Data and Statistics Q50 Over the past five years, what are the top three areas in which your country has made most progress when it comes to gender statistics at the national level? (Please check a maximum of three boxes)	Promulgated laws, regulations, or statistical programme/strategy setting out the development of gender statistics , Used more gender-sensitive data in the formulation of policy and implementation of programmes and projects , Improved administrative-based or alternative data sources to address gender data gaps
Q51 Over the next five years, which are your country's top three priorities for strengthening national gender statistics, out of the following? (Please check a maximum of three boxes)	Use more gender-sensitive data in the formulation of policy and implementation of programmes and projects , Greater utilization and/or improvement of administrative-based or alternative data sources to address gender data gaps
Have you defined a national set of indicators for monitoring progress on the SDGs? Q53 How many indicators does it include and how many of those are gender-specific?	Respondent skipped this question

Q54	Not applicable
Has data collection and compilation on gender-specific indicators begun?	
Q55	Geographic location,
Which of the following disaggregations is routinely provided by major surveys in your country?	Income,
	Sex/gender,
	Age,
	Education,
	Marital status

Page 12: Part Six: Upload of National Report

Q56

Please upload your national report and any supporting documentation here:

TUNISIA%20Report_Beijing%20plus%2030.pdf (2.8MB)