WORKSHOP:

Reducing Road Deaths & Injuries in Jordan through Increasing Restraint Use

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Session 2: Inspiration drawn from international best practices of seat belt & child restraint regulatory framework

Best practice & needed changes to improve existing regulatory framework in Jordan

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Overview

- Inspiration based on an evidence base for action
- 'Comprehensive' restraint legislation
- Facts about seatbelts & child restraints
- Components of best practice restraint legislation
- Implementation process for the new comprehensive law

Behaviour change is the ultimate aim



Comprehensive restraint legislation

- ALL vehicle occupants use appropriate restraints
- Appropriate standard seat belts & child restraints are correctly fitted
- Penalties are sufficiently deterring
- Who is responsible for the penalties
- Exemptions are limited & well-defined

Facts: Rear seat belts & child restraints

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bA3ZOxT_VrU

 During a crash, seatbelt slows your body down and puts the crash forces on the stronger parts of your body – pelvis & chest areas

Comprehensive law means ALL occupants on all occasions

- The number of occupants = the number of available seat belts
 - NO SHARING OF SEAT BELTS
- Pregnant women
- Taxi, hire, rideshare vehicles
- Children



Source: Global Road Safety Solutions Pty Ltd

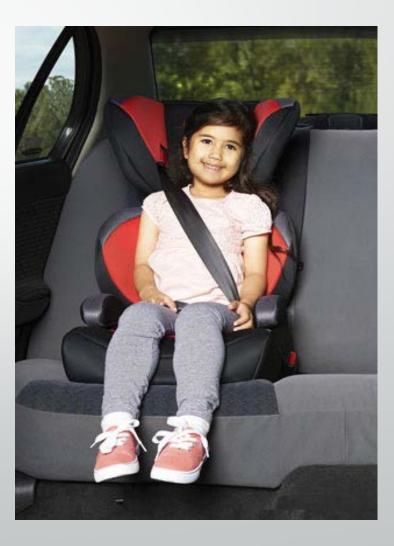


Child restraints based on body size/age

Source: https://roads-waterways.transport.nsw.gov.au/roads/safety-rules/safe-driving/child-seats.html

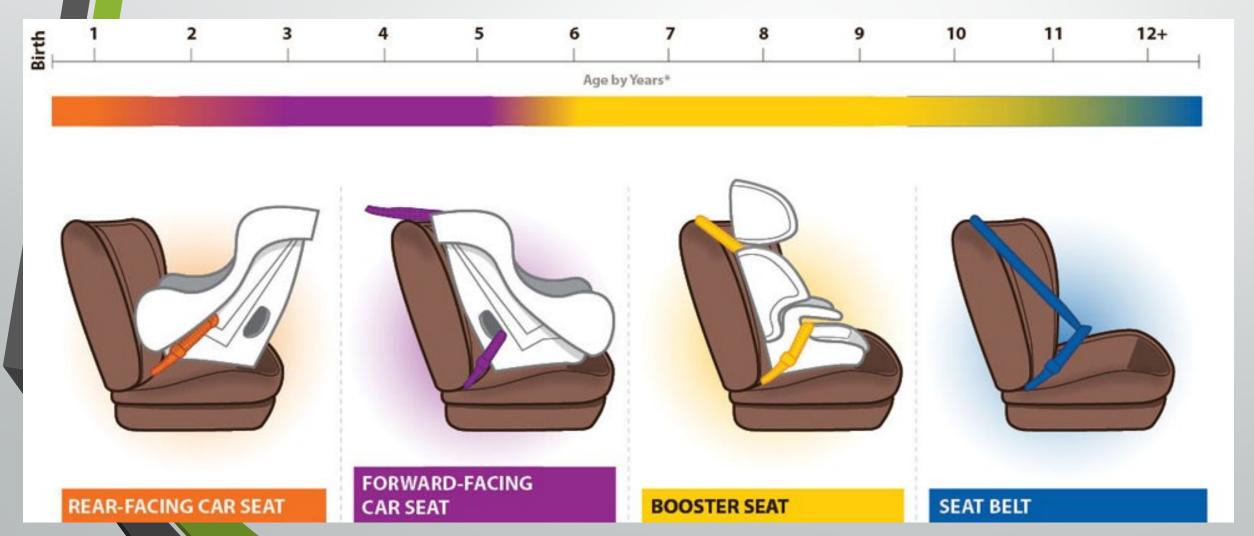






Child restraints based on body size/age

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/injury/features/child-passenger-safety/index.html



Exemption examples

- Reversing
- Drivers/passengers travelling at low speeds and need to get out regularly – e.g. garbage collectors
- Passengers getting/giving urgent medical treatment e.g. ambulance
- Carrying a medical certificate
- Child restrained in front seat allowed only if
 - Only one row of seats
 - All available seats in the back row are occupied by other children

Standards, fitting & inspection

- Ensuring restraints are safe, reliable and consistently perform as intended
 - UN Regulation No. 16
 - UN Regulations No. 44 & No. 129
 - Jordan's own testing & certifying department
 - Australian/New Zealand Standard 1754

Standards, fitting & inspection



- Vehicle inspections
- Vehicle market regulations including import ensure all / majority of vehicles in Jordan have seatbelts fitted
- Retrospective fitting of seatbelts e.g. by local automotive repair business
- Child seats fitted according to the manufacturer's instructions
 - Authorised restraint fitter / fitting station

Penalties

- Sufficiently deterrent
- Unavoidable
- Processed quickly
- No discrimination based on status of the law breaker
 - Government officials & other influential leaders in the community must be role models in their private and public lives
- Penalties apply to
 - drivers for other unrestrained occupants
 - passengers > age 18

Country	Legislation	Offence	Penalty points	Monetary fine
Syria	Traffic and Vehicles Law No. 31 of 2004 as amended by Legislative Decree No. 11 of 2008.	Not to use a seat belt by the driver or passengers in the front seat	2	2000 SYP
Morocco	Law No. (52.05) of the Road Traffic Code Article	Not having a seat belt		700 to 1400 Moroccan dirhams
	184, 185, 99	Not using the seat belt	1	500 to 1000 Moroccan dirhams
Kuwait	Kuwait Traffic Law Article 36 & 37	Not using a seat belt for drivers and front-seat passengers	1	A fine not exceeding 15 Kuwaiti dinars
Lebanon	Law No. 342/ 3103/01/33 Date The new traffic law. Article 61&83	Non- suitable seat belt	1	50,000 LL
		Not placing children in the child seats properly.		100,00 LL
		Not to put a child under 5 years in an appropriate child seats		200,000 LL
		Not using the seat belt in the front and rear seats	3	200,000 LL
		Cars are not equipped with seat belts in the front and rear seats	3	200,000 LL
		Placing a child under 11 years of age in the front seat		200,000 LL

Public campaigns

Create fairness by warning people in advance of the law being implemented

"We will catch you and penalties will apply from X date"

- Inform people what the law requires us all to do
- Explain why restraint use by all vehicle occupants is important
- Dispel common myths
- Build community acceptance on the need for comprehensive restraint law

Enforcement

- TO HELP PROTECT THE DRIVERS & THEIR FAMILY & FRIENDS rather than to apprehend & impose penalties
- Warning notice during early days of public campaigns <u>limited</u>
 <u>time only</u>
- Full enforcement with all the penalties fully applied



Law introduction schedule

Identify agencies that will spearhead the implementation process

Train police on the new law & enforcement

Develop & run public information campaign

Issue warning notices

Law come to full effect with full enforcement & penalties applied

Key to success

Follow the scientific evidence, not common sense

