### **IMPACT OF FLASH FLOODING AND MITIGATION MEASURES IN EGYPT EXPERT GROUP MEETING ON COORDINATING RESPONSES TO CLIMATE CHANGE AND DISASTER RISK REDUCTION IN THE ARAB**

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# FLASH FLOOD IN EGYPT

- Egypt is part of the global hot dry desert belt.
- Rainfall is rare and the eastern desert is characterized by interconnected network of valleys, backed to ancient times.

Egypt is subjected to flash floods disasters since ancient times. The frequency and intensity have been changed due to climate change.

- The events affect the coastal zone areas as well as some inland areas such as Upper Egypt (Aswan, Qena, Luxor, Assiut...ect.).
- The impacts of climate changes on wadi flash floods can be destructive and devastated resulting in great property damage and extensive loss of life and environmental degradation.
- The impacts can also be expanded to the great cultural heritage of the Country especially in Upper Egypt e.g. Luxor and Aswan.







## FLASH FLOOD PRONE AREAS IN EGYPT



# Impacts of Flash Floods in Egypt





![](_page_6_Picture_0.jpeg)

Partial Failure in Sohag Dam, Oct. 2016

![](_page_6_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_2.jpeg)

### Alexandria 2015 & 2016

### Alexandria

### 2013

# 2015

![](_page_9_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_5.jpeg)

12 63

![](_page_9_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_8.jpeg)

# Red Sea, Sept. 2015 ..... JAPPA TOYOTA

![](_page_10_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_0.jpeg)

800 Million L.E,

![](_page_11_Picture_2.jpeg)

# in Assiut,

![](_page_12_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Picture_0.jpeg)

## Sohag, March 2014

![](_page_13_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_13_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_2.jpeg)

### Flash floods, Arish 2010

![](_page_14_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_0.jpeg)

## FREQUENCY AND IMPACT OF FLASH FLOODS

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

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# Flash Floods Mitigation Measures Non Structure Measures

### MAINTAINING AND PREPARING THE MONITORING NETWORKS

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_19_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_2.jpeg)

## RAINFALL AND FLASH FLOOD STATIONS

![](_page_20_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_3.jpeg)

# FORECAST (WRF) MODEL

![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_0.jpeg)

- 0

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

## THREE DAYS FORECAST

![](_page_23_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_4.jpeg)

# FLASH FLOOD STUDIES

- Field investigation
- Topographic study
- Morphologic study
- ✤ Geologic study
- Meteorology study
- Hydrologic study
- Socioeconomic study
- Tender document preparation

![](_page_24_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_10.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_11.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_12.jpeg)

34 45

34 50

دليل الخريطا

شدة السيل (م2/ثانية

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دلبل الخريطة

![](_page_24_Figure_13.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_14.jpeg)

### THE SENSITIVITY OF WADI AISH ELMALAHA TO CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

## THE SENSITIVITY OF WADI AISH ELMALAHA TO **CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT**

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

with area about 1726 km<sup>3</sup>

### THE SENSITIVITY OF WADI AISH ELMALAHA TO **CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT** Single Storm

![](_page_27_Picture_1.jpeg)

Max. Storm in base (1979–2010) Max. Storm in RCP4.5 (2036–2100) Max. Storm in RCP8.5 (2036–2100) The Storm for 100 year return period

Rainfall	Flow	Volume
(mm)	(m^3/s)	(Mm^3)
39	213	12,400
100	1500	82,600
57	550	30,300
43	235	13,680

# FLASH FLOOD ATLAS FOR SINAI, ASWAN, QENA, AND LUXOR

![](_page_28_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_2.jpeg)

# **OF SAINI**

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_0.jpeg)

## FLOOD RISK MAP FOR CRITICAL ZONES

H1

H2

H3

H4

H5

H6

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

H1	No vulnerability constraints.	H4	Unsafe for all people and all vehicles
H2	Unsafe for small vehicles.	H5	Unsafe for all people and all vehicles. Buildings require special engineering design and construction.
H3	Unsafe for all vehicles, children and the elderly.	H6	Unconditionally dangerous.
Risk Map Water Depth		1.20 0.80 0.40 0.00	
For Electric Plant, New			S S
Capital, Ein Sokhna.			

![](_page_34_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_7.jpeg)

LandUses

Crops

Trees

### Cleaning of Flash Flood Pathways, Qena

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and and a state of

the same -

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- Aller

![](_page_35_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_3.jpeg)

### Cleaning of Flash Flood Pathways

Dornka

![](_page_36_Picture_5.jpeg)

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### NATIONAL PLAN FOR FLASH FLOOD DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND RISK REDUCTION IN EGYPT

Three Stages

Before Floods

During Floods

After Floods

![](_page_37_Figure_6.jpeg)

### KEY FEATURES OF THE FLASH FLOOD MITIGATION PLAN AND METHODOLOGY

![](_page_38_Figure_1.jpeg)

### DEGREES OF RISK AND LEVELS OF CRISIS MANAGEMENT

Degree	<b>Risk Intensity</b>	Damage %	Management level	Lead description
5	Very high	100.80	Strategic level (prime minister)	What we want to do
4	high	79.60	Planning and preparation (tactical)	How it will be done
3	moderate	59.40	Operational level	do
2	low	39.10	Operational level	do
1	Very low	9-1	Operational level	do

![](_page_39_Picture_3.jpeg)

# Flash Floods Mitigation Measures Structure Measures

### Stakeholder Consultation

![](_page_41_Picture_1.jpeg)

### DEGREES WATER HARVESTING AND PROTECTION INFRASTRUCTURES IN EGYPT

![](_page_42_Figure_1.jpeg)

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## MITIGATION MEASURES

- Storage or control dam
- Detention dam
- Baffles block

![](_page_43_Picture_4.jpeg)

- Diversion dike
- Drainage Channel

![](_page_43_Picture_7.jpeg)

Artificial Lake

![](_page_43_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_3.jpeg)

Integration Between Surface & Groundwater

![](_page_45_Picture_5.jpeg)

### Sustainable Development

![](_page_46_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Picture_0.jpeg)

- Reinforced Concrete
- Storage of 600 m3
- Sedimentation issues

![](_page_48_Picture_4.jpeg)

## **GROUND TANKS**

![](_page_48_Picture_7.jpeg)

- Rubble covered by Gabions
- ✤ Various Storage ~ 1.0 million m3
- ✤ Various Heights ~ 3 m
- Allow water to pass through

![](_page_49_Picture_5.jpeg)

## **•** DIKES SUEZ GULF

![](_page_49_Picture_8.jpeg)

## **SMALL MASONRY DAMS WATIER**

- Mortared masonry
- ✤ Various Storage ~ 2.0 million m3
- ✤ Various Heights ~ 9 m
- Impervious dams but allow water to

overtop it

![](_page_50_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_52_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_54_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Example of Mitigation Structure

### Al-Rawafaa Rockfill Dam North Sinai (6.8 mm<sub>3</sub>)

Al-Aat Rockfill Dam (2mm<sub>3</sub>) Sharm El-Sheikh-South Sinai

### Al-Karm Concrete Dam North Sinai (1.9 mm<sub>3</sub>)

Ghoweiba Gabion Dam Suez Gulf (rechargeable)

![](_page_55_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_57_Picture_0.jpeg)

1:250,000 0 1.5 3 12 9

![](_page_57_Picture_2.jpeg)

مع مصرف ومشر سيل اللقره يوليه 2005

## Example of Mitigation Structure

![](_page_57_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_57_Picture_10.jpeg)

## **ARTIFICIAL LAKES**

- Sides (mortared masonry /earth)
- ✤ Various Storage ~ 2.0 million m3
- $\clubsuit$  Various depths ~ 3 m

### **Suez Gulf**

![](_page_58_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_59_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_60_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_61_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_62_Figure_0.jpeg)

# THANK YOU !

![](_page_63_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_63_Picture_2.jpeg)

www.wrri.org.eg

![](_page_63_Picture_4.jpeg)

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![](_page_63_Picture_7.jpeg)