





Can integrated Solid waste management for circular economy?

Egypt Case Study







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Waste Management in Egypt



Treatment

Generation 100M Ton/year **0.6 – 0.8** Kg waste /Capita/Day

Segregation

Collection 60% rates in Urban 0-30% rates in Rural

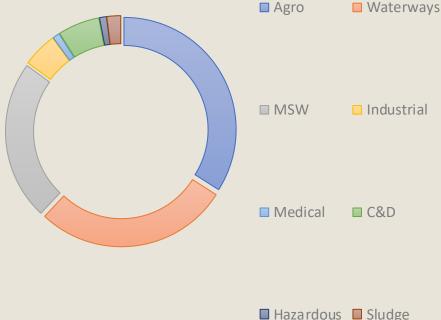
Solid Waste Management (SWM) has become a major concern in Egypt for many years now. The magnitude of the problem has increased due to rapid population growth, fast-growing urbanization rate (20 new cities). Moreover, the diversification of SW has put further burden on the quality of life, freshwater resources, human health and general local ecosystems resulting in serious environmental impacts.

Disposal

40 % of the waste ends in the streets or are unregulated max is

Treatment

5 % of waste is recycled. Mostly by the in open dumps informal sector 80% of landfills 12% of waste recovered (WTE,...)









Waste Management Cycle – Problems & Impact

Impact on Climate
Decay of waste generates methane
(greenhouse gas)

Soil and underground water toxicity (E-Waste and leachate)

Air pollution from burning of waste and higher Total Suspended Particles, affecting public Health.

Plastic littering affecting biodiversity/Marine life **Higher risk of clogging sewer systems in Delta**Lack of Recycling means higher raw material production and higher Energy Consumption (higher greenhouse gases) **Unregulated Landfills**

Higher amount of landfilled waste means and disposal in more transportation and emissions Clogging sewage with plastic

Generation Collection Disposal **∠** Segregation

Treatment



Waste Management Cycle –

Potential Solutions

Design products with higher recyclability for circular economy EPR systems

Strategies and Laws to incentivize investing in waste management



Closure of unregulated landfills and open dumps

Better planning for landfills, better practices in Disposal







Education and Raising Awareness

Promote **Reduce** and **Reuse**Culture for the public before even
Recycle it



Waste Inventory Monitoring Systems and tools Better Infrastructure and

collection plans

Capacity building for collectors

and regulators

Regulatory Reforms



Collection

Better Infrastructure and capacity building for workers **Educational Material and best practices**

Jegregation _____

Technology Transfer = higher Recycling rate

Infrastructure for treatment and Waste to Energy Facilities *8 in progress*

Capacity building for SMEs and NGOs Feasibility studies













NATIONAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Partners Donors

The Programme was launched in 2012 under the Ministry of Environment. In Behalf of BMZ (Federal Ministry of Economic Cooperation and Development in Germany), GIZ through the NSWMP supports the official partners in Egypt (The Ministry of Environment and The Waste Management Regulatory Authority (WMRA)) to establish a sustainable and integrated solid waste management system in four governorates, it aims at restructuring the waste sector at the national, regional and local level and establishing an independent central entity to regulate the management of the municipal solid waste system. The programme has two main components, the technical component and the financial one



The programme is co-financed by national (30%) and international (70%) funding institutions:

















Project Funding Mechanism

The mechanism of financing and implementing of this program follows the Blending Facility approach, whereby several partners contribute to the financing of the program in addition to National Funds (represented by the Waste Management Regulatory Authority). Where a primary partner (German Development Bank) is delegated by EU and SECO will manage the investment component of the program financially and technically, in cooperation with the program management unit. The implementation is carried out through the waste management units in the program governorates and the contracted international and local consulting companies.





Project Objectives



Protecting the Environment

Protecting the public health of citizens & the environment from the negative effects of unsustainable waste management.



Institutional Development

Developing and restructuring the waste sector at the national and decentralized level, including the institutional and legislative aspect, and providing efficient human resources to manage the system to reach a good level of service



Improving the Infrastructure

Providing the necessary infrastructure for the program governorates with specific service areas.





Project Objectives



Financial Sustainability

Develop mechanisms for long-term financial sustainability and improvements in the medium term (Immediate Intervention Plan).



Public Participation

Raising environmental awareness among young people and citizens in general with the integrated management of the solid waste system and working to change the behavior through awareness campaigns and community participation



Economical Development

Providing the necessary infrastructure for the program governorates with specific service areas.







Financial Component

O1 Equipment

O2 Infrastructure

O3Current
Tendering

O4Future

Supplying equipment to SWMU in the 4 governorates

Upgrading Mechanical and Biological treatment units as well as transfer stations, rehabilitation of landfills and closure of unregulated ones. 7 tenders on going













Technical Component

O1Institutional
Strengthen

O2Governorates

O3Private Sector

O4Education

Institutional Strengthen and capacity building of the waste management regulatory authority to better regulate the waste management in Egypt



Build and enhance the capacity of the solid waste management units in 4 different governorates in financial management and citizen participation



Improve the capacity of the SMEs working across the value chain of waste management specially in collection and recycling industry



Put the foundation of the waste management education and training qualifications in a practical way







Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals and Egypt's 2030 Sustainable Development **Strategy**





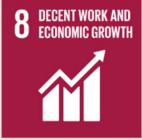


































THE GLOBAL GOALS







Production of series of videos and virtual trainings on Protective Personal Equipment (PPE) for waste workers

Preparing materials and holding training courses on occupational safety and health











Assessment and mapping of available curricula in SWM within Universities and Institutes in Egypt

Three 3 training modules on state-of-the art technology for waste management (Maximum Yield Technology/MYT) for (Students, University staff including professors, private consultants, WMRA Staff, SWMUs, RBOs)

Development of an Online Waste Recycling Hub that hosts courses for building the capacities and help the SMEs in the field of waste management.

15 SMEs graduated from Teroos "Growth Management Programme for Waste Businesses".

https://wmra-academy.com/







30.000 house holds have an improved waste collection and recycling systems in the 4 pilot governorates due to the establishment of 13 primary waste collection and recycling models.

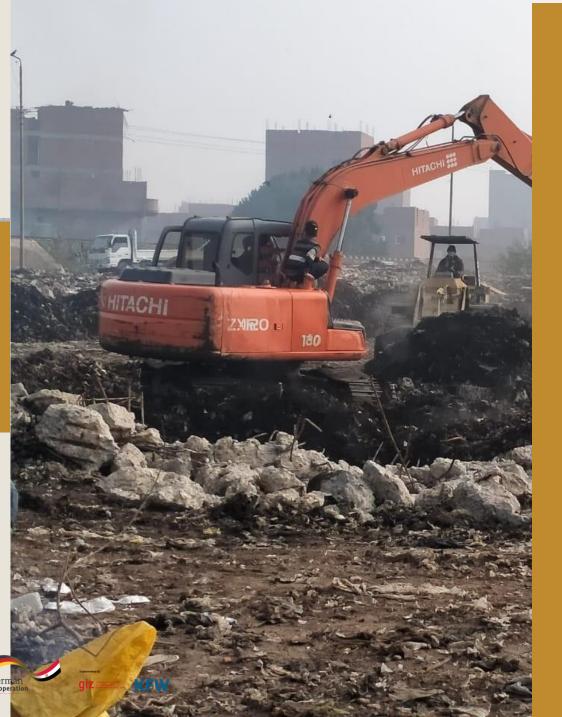
Standardized digital tools for cost calculation regarding solid waste

Development of a Performance benchmark calculation program (A digital program to measure the performance of the waste management system at the governorate level)











Introduction of Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) guidelines and implementation of EPR-pilot on Packaging waste in Red Sea Governorate (German Federal Ministry of Environment) that will reduce the marine litter and increase the recycling rates.

Updating Egyptian 16 construction codes to support the recycling industry of construction and demolition waste, this will increase the business opportunities in the field of construction and demolition waste.

Development of 19 business opportunities and feasibility studies in the field of waste recycling in Egypt.

A prototype initiative to collect spent fluorescent lamps in Alexandria Governorate













Concept of circular economy first introduced in Egypt through the organization of "Egypt's Circular Economy: Access to Finance for Egypt's Waste Industry" conference where awareness on the concept as framework concept for integrated solid waste management was created.

Closure of many unregulated landfills that directly contribute to generation of methane gas.











Introduction of Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) guidelines and implementation of EPR-pilot on Packaging waste in Red Sea Governorate that will reduce the marine litter and increase the recycling rates

improved collection rates, sound management of land based waste reduces proliferation of wastes on land as well as in the sea and rivers.









Waste Management For Circular Economy

- Durable Material for reuse
- Higher recyclability
- Climate friendly product design
- Biodegradable and greener materials
- Active promotion for Refuse, Reduce and Reuse concepts for the public before even Recycling the waste
- Zero-waste industrial process















Way Forward

O1Institutional
Strengthen

O2
Green
Entrepreneurs and
NGOs

O3Governorates

Restructuring and capacity building of SWMU, WMRA and RBOs, including M&E and SWM-cost calculation

Private sector and NGO integration is Climate sensitive SWM, Entrepreneurs Map & Agriwaste map

